## VETERAN IDENTIFICATION, SCREENING AND TREATMENT IN THE COMMUNITY HEALTHCARE SETTING

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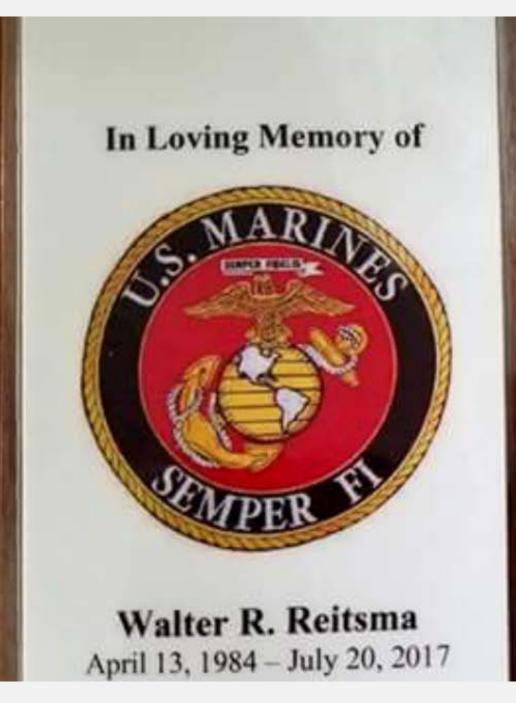
### **VETERAN SUICIDE**

- I every 72 minutes
- 20 veterans a day<sup>1</sup>
- 140 per week
- 560 per month
- 6720 per year



5420<sup>2</sup>

- Suicide Among Veterans and Other Americans 2001 2014 Report, https://www.mentalhealth.va.gov/docs/2016suicidedatareport.pdf, Accessed on 2/19/2018
- 2. https://www.defense.gov/casualty.pdf Accessed on 2/19/2018





Walter R. Reitsma April 13, 1984 - July 20, 2017

Do not stand at my grave and weep. I am not there, I do not sleep. I am a thousand winds that blow, I am the diamond's gift of snow.

I am the sunlight on ripened grain, I am the autumn's gentle rain. When you awaken in the morning's hush, I am the swift uplifting rush.

Of quiet birds in circled flight, I am the soft stars that shine at night. Do not stand at my grave and cry, I am not there, I did not die.

### PTSD

- 3x more likely to commit suicide with a PTSD Diagnosis<sup>1</sup>
- Lifetime Prevalence<sup>2</sup>
  - Civilians 6.8%
  - Veterans
    - Vietnam 30.9% Gulf War – 12.1% Iraq and Afghanistan Wars – 13.8%

#### • **PTSD** affects health:<sup>3,4</sup>

- Increased cardiovascular morbidity, substance abuse, chronic pain 2x more likely to be hospitalized
- Longer lengths of stays and increased readmission rates

#### Bloomberg

# Half of Post-9/11 Vets Aren't Getting Mental Health Care, Report Says

After 16 years of war, an embattled VA is fighting staff burnout and red tape to help ex-soldiers get the help they need.

By **John Tozzi** January 31, 2018, 11:00 AM EST

About half of U.S. veterans who served during the wars in Afghanistan and Iraq don't get the mental health care they need, according to a new report that recommends changes to improve the care delivered by the Veterans Affairs health system.

### VETERAN HEALTHCARE

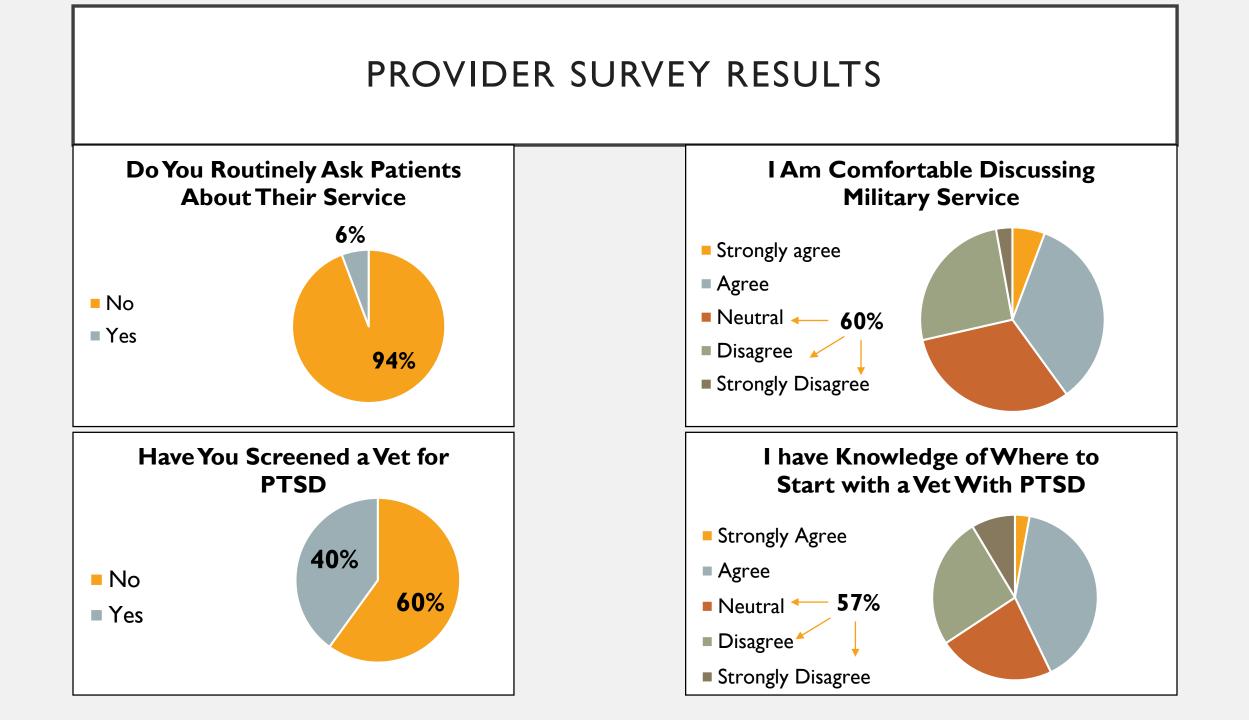
- 30% of veterans receive their care through the VA System.
- "We know that of the 20 suicides a day that we reported last year, 14 are not under VA care. This is a national public health issue that requires a concerted, national approach."

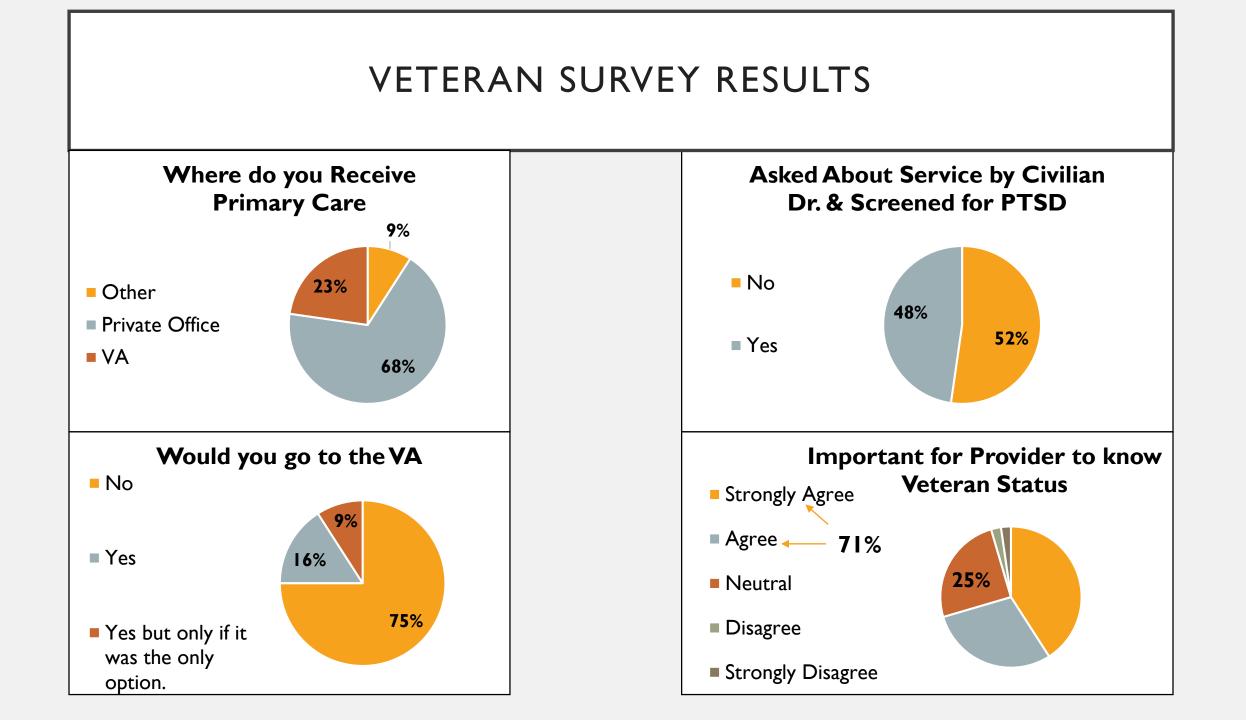
Dr. David J. Shulkin, VA Secretary

• Role for Community Primary Care

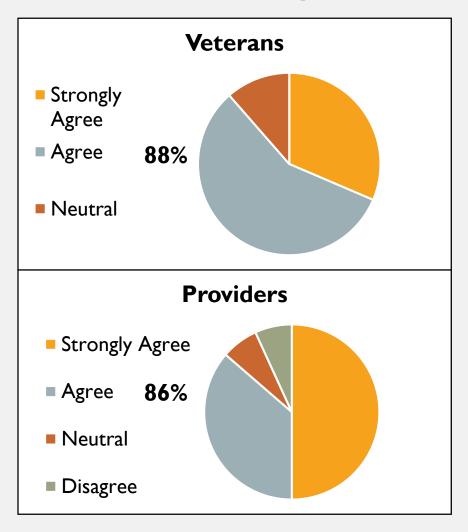
## PROJECT OVERVIEW

- Identify barriers to care/identification
- Survey of Veterans and Providers needs assessment
  - Veterans: engagement and identification (n=44)
  - Providers: identification, comfort level and awareness of recourses (n=35)
- Creation of Veteran Identification/Screening/Treatment Toolbox

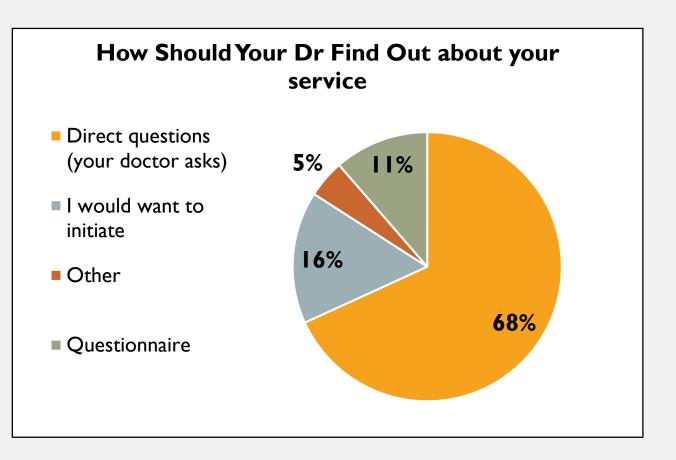




#### **Do Vets Have Unique Needs**



#### **Vet Preference For Screening**



#### DISCUSSION AND CONCLUSIONS

- Lack of screening within the community
  - Leaves a large number of veterans at risk
- Lack of comfort level discussing military service in depth
- Lack of awareness of resources and treatment approaches

Overwhelming number of resources.

#### PTSD REVIEW

- Diagnosis based on 4 symptom clusters:
  - Re-experiencing
    - memories, flashbacks, or recurrent nightmares
  - Avoidance
    - including reminders of the event
  - Negative Cognitions and Mood
    - sense of blame of self or others, estrangement from others, markedly diminished interest, or inability to remember parts of the event
  - Arousal or Reactivity
    - aggressive, self-destructive behavior, sleep disturbances, hypervigilance or concentration problems
  - Duration of symptoms: I month

#### SCREENING

- Greatest supporting evidence in Primary Care (PC-PTSD and PCL)
- PC-PTSD (Primary Care PTSD Screen)
  - 5 Questions yes or no
  - Can be completed in <5 minutes
  - Yes to any 3 questions = positive screen. (sensitivity .93; specificity .79)
    - indicates the need for additional assessment

#### PCL (PTSD Check List)

20 items – rated 0-4 rating on severity/likelihood Uses:

Monitoring symptom change during and after treatment

5-10 point change = reliable change 10-20 point change = clinically significant Screening individuals for PTSD

#### PC-PTSD-5

Sometimes things happen to people that are unusually or especially frightening, horrible, or traumatic. For example:

- a serious accident or fire
- a physical or sexual assault or abuse
- an earthquake or flood •
- a war •
- seeing someone be killed or seriously injured •
- having a loved one die through homicide or suicide.

Have you ever experienced this kind of event?

If no, screen total = 0. Please stop here.

If yes, please answer the questions below.

#### In the past month, have you...

YES

YES

YES

1. had nightmares about the event(s) or thought about the event(s) when you did not want to? NO

NO

NO

NO

YES

2. tried hard not to think about the event(s) or went out of your way to avoid situations that reminded you of the event(s)?

3. been constantly on guard, watchful, or easily startled?

NO

4. felt numb or detached from people, activities, or your surroundings?

5. felt guilty or unable to stop blaming yourself or others for the event(s) or any problems the event(s) may have caused?

> YES NO

#### PCL-5

**Instructions:** Below is a list of problems that people sometimes have in response to a very stressful experience. Please read each problem carefully and then circle one of the numbers to the right to indicate how much you have been bothered by that problem in the past month.

	In the past month, how much were you bothered by:		A little bit	Moderately	Quite a bit	Extremely	
1.	Repeated, disturbing, and unwanted memories of the stressful experience?	0	1	2	3	4	
2.	Repeated, disturbing dreams of the stressful experience?	0	1	2	3	4	
3.	<ul> <li>Suddenly feeling or acting as if the stressful experience were actually happening again (as if you were actually back there reliving it)?</li> </ul>		1	2	3	4	
4.	Feeling very upset when something reminded you of the stressful experience?	0	1	2	3	4	
5.	Having strong physical reactions when something reminded you of the stressful experience (for example, heart pounding, trouble breathing, sweating)?	0	1	2	3	4	
6.	Avoiding memories, thoughts, or feelings related to the stressful experience?	0	1	2	3	4	
7.	Avoiding external reminders of the stressful experience (for example, people, places, conversations, activities, objects, or situations)?	0	1	2	3	4	
8.	Trouble remembering important parts of the stressful experience?	0	1	2	3	4	

<u></u>					
9. Having strong negative beliefs about yourself, other people, or the world (for example, having thoughts such as: I am bad, there is something seriously wrong with me, no one can be trusted, the world is completely dangerous)?	0	1	2	3	4
10. Blaming yourself or someone else for the stressful experience or what happened after it?	0	1	2	3	4
11. Having strong negative feelings such as fear, horror, anger, guilt, or shame?	0	1	2	3	4
12. Loss of interest in activities that you used to enjoy?	0	1	2	3	4
13. Feeling distant or cut off from other people?	0	1	2	3	4
14. Trouble experiencing positive feelings (for example, being unable to feel happiness or have loving feelings for people close to you)?		1	2	3	4
15. Irritable behavior, angry outbursts, or acting aggressively?	0	1	2	3	4
16. Taking too many risks or doing things that could cause you harm?		1	2	3	4
17. Being "superalert" or watchful or on guard?	0	1	2	3	4
18. Feeling jumpy or easily startled?		1	2	3	4
19. Having difficulty concentrating?		1	2	3	4
20. Trouble falling or staying asleep?	0	1	2	3	4

#### **POSITIVE SCREEN: NOW WHAT?**

- Discuss Results
- 2. Referral to Mental Health Professional Trained in PTSD
  - Suggest evaluation rather than Treatment (less stigma)
    - If patient is not willing, can consider pharmacotherapy or CAM
  - Give patient education
  - VA Website
- 3. Safety Contract with Patient
- 4. Provide Patient with Crisis Numbers
  - Suicide Prevention Lifeline I-800-273-8255 (TALK)
  - Veterans Crisis Line: I-800-273-8255, press I (text 838255)
- 5. Frequent brief office visits or telephone check-ins help keep patient engaged.

## BHC TREATMENT

- First line: Psychotherapy
  - Prolonged Exposure; Cognitive Processing Therapy; CBT etc.
- Telemedicine interventions
  - similar in efficacy and patient satisfaction to direct face-to-face therapy<sup>24</sup>
    - Good for geographic barriers, agoraphobia, physical disability
    - Mobile App: PTSD Coach

### MEDICATIONS

- Medications:
  - use pharmacotherapy when psychotherapy is not available or not preferred by patient<sup>24</sup>
  - Sertraline 50-200mg
  - **Paroxetine** 20-60mg
  - Fluoxetine 20—60mg
    - FDA approved for PTSD Tx.
  - SSRIs/SNRIs first line Largest evidence

### **CAM THERAPY**

- Accupuncture, Hypnotherapy, Meditation, Yoga
  - Not recommended for primary treatment
  - Are safe and effective as adjunctive techniques.
- Moderate-to-strong evidence for several CAM interventions as adjunctive PTSD treatments.<sup>47-49</sup>

### SELF-HELP OPTIONS

Apps:

- <u>PTSD Coach: Mobile App</u>
  - Info on PTSD/Treatments.
  - Tools for handling stress
  - Links to support
- <u>Mindfulness Coach</u>
- <u>VetChange</u>
  - Online program teaches how to cope with symptoms without Alcohol
- Mindfulness Practice in the Treatment of Traumatic Stress
- Peer Support groups, Dogs for PTSD

### TRAINING FOR PROVIDERS

- DE Assist Program
  - 2 day intensive program to train community providers and family/friends
- <u>Suicide Prevention Resource Center</u> Toobox for Primary Care Practices
- Zero Suicide Training

Online and in person Workshops

#### EFFECTIVENESS

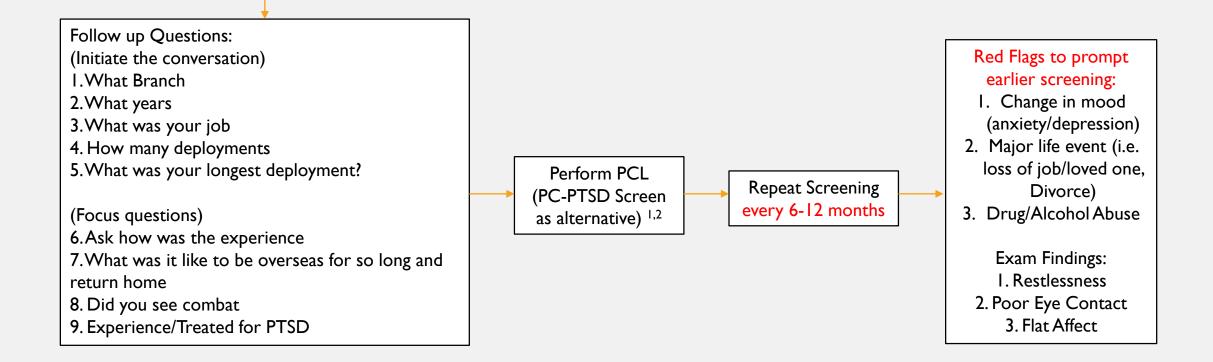
- Important to have open communication with BHC and PCP
- 60% respond to therapy
- 20-30% attain remission.

## TOOLBOX

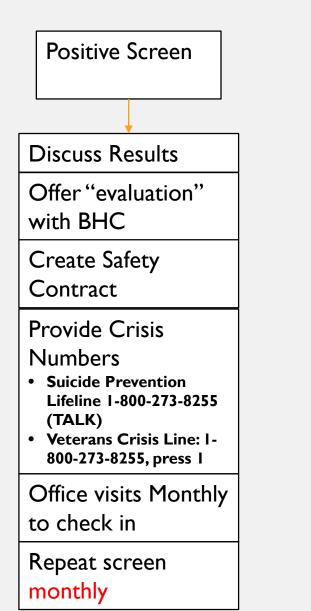
## DISCUSSION/SCREENING

Initial screening during Social History Taking – Goal is to normalize the discussion while obtaining the necessary information. (Quick Texts for Initial PTSD A&P should be conducted if Screen is positive and time permits)

Assess for History of Service during Social Hx taking

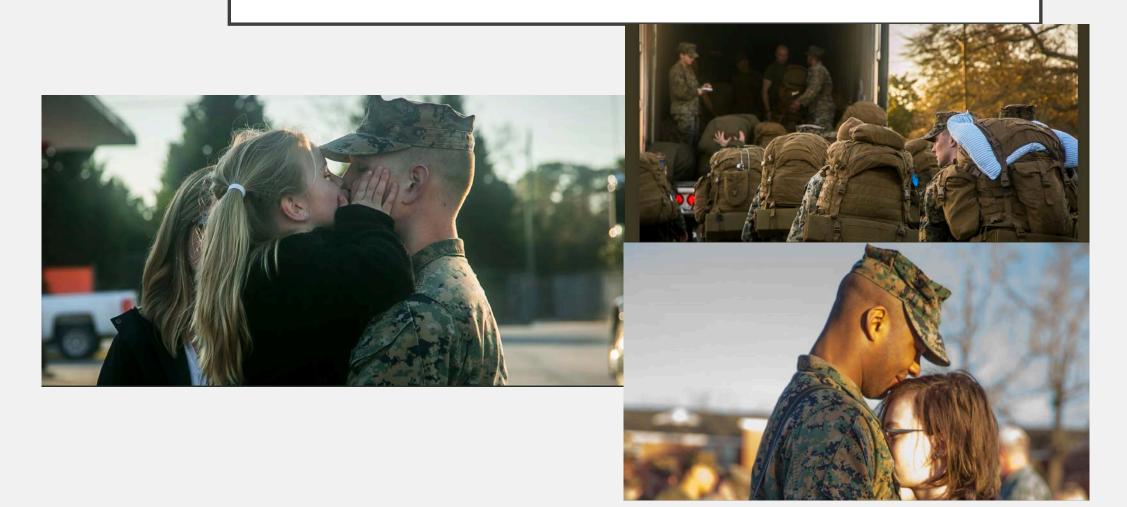


#### TREATMENT



Initiate With BHC or if BHC is not available/preferred						
Medications: <sup>3</sup> (Strongest Evidence)	<ul> <li><u>Self Help Tools:</u><sup>4</sup></li> <li><u>PTSD Coach:</u> <u>Mobile App</u>*</li> </ul>	CAM Therapy: <sup>5</sup> (Supplementary)				
<u>Sertraline</u> 50 mg to 200 mg daily <u>Paroxetine</u> 20 to 60 mg daily	<ul> <li><u>VetChange</u></li> <li><u>Mindfulness</u> <u>Coach App</u></li> </ul>	Acupuncture <sup>6</sup> , Hypnotherapy <sup>7</sup> , Meditation <sup>7</sup> ,Yoga <sup>6</sup>				
<u>Venlafaxine</u> 75 mg to 300 mg daily	• <u>Mindfulness</u> <u>Practice in the</u> <u>Treatment of</u> <u>Traumatic Stress</u>					
	• Peer support					

## CURRENT DEPLOYMENTS

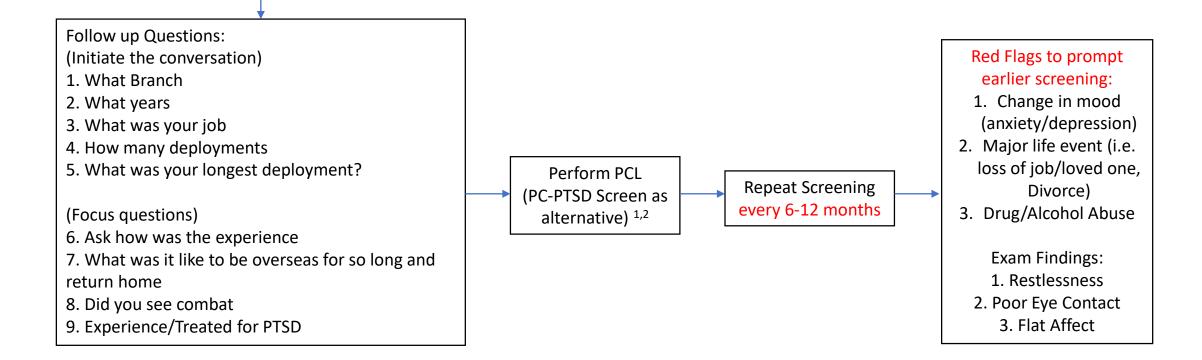


## QUESTIONS?

# Discussion/Screening

Initial screening during Social History Taking – Goal is to normalize the discussion while obtaining the necessary information. (Quick Texts for Initial PTSD A&P should be conducted if Screen is positive and time permits)

Assess for History of Service during Social Hx taking



# Treatment

Positive Screen **Discuss Results** Offer "evaluation" with BHC (Referral)<sup>8</sup> Create Safety Contract Provide Crisis Numbers • Suicide Prevention Lifeline 1-800-273-8255 (TALK) • Veterans Crisis Line: 1-800-273-8255, press 1 Office visits Monthly to check in Repeat screen monthly

Initiate With BHC or if BHC is not available/preferred						
Medications: <sup>3</sup>	Γ	Se	elf Help Tools:4		CAM Therapy: <sup>5</sup>	
(Strongest Evidence)		•	PTSD Coach:		(Supplementary)	
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			Treatment of			
			Traumatic Stress			
		•	Peer support			

# Quick Texts – Initial HPI

;hpi\_PTSD\_initial

#### **Initial PTSD encounter:**

Inciting Event:

When did it occur:

When did symptoms start:

Previous Traumatic Events through lifetime:

Previous treatment for Anxiety/Depression:

Symptoms:

Most concerning symptom:

Re-experiencing: How often?

Nightmares: How often? What are they about?

Avoidance: Yes/No?

Paranoia: Yes/No?

Overall Mood:

Arousal/Reactivity:

How disruptive are symptoms:

SI/HI Ideation:

Alcohol/Substance abuse Screen

#### Medications:

Currently on SSRI: Yes/no

Hx of SSRI use:

PC-PTSD Score today:

# Quick Texts – Initial A&P

;ap\_PTSD\_initial

[Age] year old [Gender] presenting for initial encounter for PTSD

Symptoms and duration of illness consistent with PTSD

Inciting event most likely XXX.

Patient denies SI/HI and feels safe at this time.

Plan: Referral to BHC provided, Safety contract signed, Crisis numbers provided, PTSD treatment applications discussed and websites provided to patient

Follow up: 2 weeks/1month

To consider: CAM treatments, Adjuvant medication

# Quick Texts – Follow up HPI

;hpi\_PTSD\_followup

#### Follow up PTSD:

Established with therapist: Attending Therapy how often: Has it been Helpful? What obstacles are/were there to obtaining care?

#### Symptoms:

Most concerning symptom:

Re-experiencing: How often?

Nightmares: How often? What are they about?

Avoidance: Yes/No?

Paranoia: Yes/No?

**Overall Mood:** 

Arousal/Reactivity:

How disruptive are symptoms:

SI/HI Ideation:

Alcohol/Substance abuse Screen

#### **Medications**

Currently on:

Adherent to medications:

Reports improvement with medication

Denies side effects

<u>Alternative Therapies</u> CAM Treatment: Apps

PC-PTSD Score today:

# Quick Texts – Follow up A&P

;ap\_PTSD\_followup

[Age] year old [Gender] presenting for follow up of PTSD

Patient is unchanged/improved/worse based on symptoms.

Adherent to therapy and medication.

Patient denies SI/HI and feels safe at this time.

Plan: Continue with BHC, Safety contract and Crisis numbers reviewed, PTSD treatment applications discussed and websites provided to patient.

Follow up: 1month

To consider: CAM treatments, Adjuvant medication